

ЗАДАНИЯ

второго (заключительного) этапа Всероссийской олимпиады по английскому языку для школьников «Донецкий полиглот» (10 класс)

1. Чтение и понимание текста (READING) (21 points)

Инструкция. Внесите свои ответы в Бланк для ответов, который прилагается к тесту.

Part I

You are going to read travel reviews from the website in which four people talk about train journeys they have been on. For questions 1-14 choose from the people (A-D). The people may be chosen more than once. When more than one answer is required they may be given in any order.

Which person or people:

was disappointed by the experience?	1
learnt something interesting while on the journey?	2
did this journey more than once?	3
did this journey with one friend?	4
thinks the price was too expensive?	5
chose to do the journey because of the low price?	6
says this was the first time they had been on a journey like this?	7
have good memories of their journey?	8
	9
took this journey because of advice from friends?	10
mentions something which irritated them while on the train?	11
went on the longest journey?	12
talk about what they could see outside the train?	13
	14

Memorable train journeys

A

London to Nrighton (UK)

I spent over ten years doing this journey every day of the week. I'm very relieved I am retired now. I still do the same journey sometimes but now I don't have to travel in the rush hour and if there are delays it doesn't matter so much. The journey when it went well wasn't bad at all. It wasn't too long and I was usually able to sit down and read the newspaper. It was quite pleasant as long as there were no annoying people having loud conversations. But generally it was fine and not a bad way to begin and end a busy day in the city. The problems and stress came with the all too frequent delays and cancellations. It was extremely frustrating, especially as I was paying so much money for my ticket. The cost was much too high in my opinion. I am glad I don't have to pay that anymore.

B

Moscow to St Petersburg (Russia)

The most memorable train journey I have ever been on was between Moscow and St Petersburg in Russia. We were about 17 years old and on a school trip to see the places we were studying in our Russian history lessons. We spent three days in Moscow, then took the overnight train to St Petersburg. I remember feeling really excited about it. I had never been on an overnight train journey before. We went to the theatre on our last evening in Moscow and then went straight to the station to get on the train at about 11 pm. There were four of us in each room and our whole group occupied about two carriages of the train. I don't think we slept much; we stayed up most of the night talking, but I remember waking up in the morning and realising it was daylight outside and that we were in a completely new city. It was amazing.

C

Casablanca to Marrakech (Morocco)

We decided to travel by train because it was cheap and it only took three hours. Also, I thought a train journey through the desert would be interesting and different. In reality it wasn't quite as much fun as I had hoped. We got to the station in plenty of time and got our tickets without too much difficulty. The chaos started when we went out to the platform. It appeared that everyone else in the station was also planning to get on the same train as us. It was really crowded. When the train arrived it was a real fight to get on and all the seats were occupied in seconds. My friend and I got separated in the confusion but there was no way we could move so we just had to stand where we were and hold on. My friend managed to sit down after about an hour but I had to stand for the whole three hours. The scenery was quite spectacular in places but the train was hot and uncomfortable.

D

Cairns to Karanga (Australia)

I went on this trip journey while I was visiting some friends who lived in Australia. I went away for a few days on my own and before I left, my friends recommended this trip; it was definitely worth it. It used to be an old mining train that took miners to work every day. It starts on the coast and goes right up the side of a mountain. It is very steep and the views are fantastic looking back out to sea. There is lots of information in the different stations about the people who built the railway originally. It was a very dangerous job and many of them died while they were doing it, either through accidents or disease. The whole journey only takes about an hour but you see all sorts of amazing things on the way. At one point it even goes through a tropical rainforest and there are some really beautiful plants. It is a wonderful trip to do as a tourist, but I'm sure the miners didn't enjoy it quite so much.

Part II

You are going to read an article about our relationship with time. Seven sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-H the one which fits each gap (15-21). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

Time flies

How many times do you hear people say they don't have time to do something? All the time! 'I meant to do that but I didn't have time!' is something we say or think far too often; it is the number one excuse for not doing something we should have done. 15 _____ This is a relationship which has also changed a lot through history. Think about all the machines and time-saving gadgets that are now a part of our everyday life that people living 100 or even 50 years ago had to do without; washing machines, vacuum cleaners, microwaves and dishwashers are just a few. We have mobile phones now so that we can contact each other at any time no matter where we are. The Internet gives us access to just about any information we could possibly want as well as providing instant communication with other people anywhere in the world. 16 _____

The idea of using time efficiently has become increasingly important in the Western world. People in wealthy developed countries are often expected to do several jobs at once. At a time when unemployment is high and international competitions is strong there is a lot of pressure on companies and individual workers to be as efficient as possible and to get as much work done as possible in

the limited time available. 17 _____ This concept of time pressure has also been passed on to the less developed countries where many of the goods for developing countries are made. In places like India and Mexico people often have to work very long shifts, sometimes as much as 12 to 16 hours a day, or even for 48 hours without a break. Goods have to be produced to meet demand in the developed world and this demand puts a lot of pressure on workers.

Time is increasingly becoming a commodity like any other. 18 _____ Do you use the self-service check out in the supermarket? Have you bought furniture and then assembled it yourself at home? Have you spent time setting up a new computer? If you have then you have been working for free. It is possible to buy and sell time these days. For example, you can pay someone else to do your shopping for you or walk your dog for you if you don't have time, but it won't be cheap. A positive reflection of how our relationship with time is changing is that in some cities there are things called time banks where you can exchange time with other busy people. 19 _____ You will then be paid back in time when you need it. No money changes hands but everyone has to pay in the bank in time.

The biggest challenge we face in our personal lives is how not to waste time and make the most of the time we have. According to the recent research 20% of people regularly cancel social arrangements because of a lack of time and men do this more often than women. However, cancelling social arrangements can have a serious negative impact because it reduces our quality of life; it can stop us doing what we want which can lead to unhappiness. 20 _____ This doesn't have to be something active or sociable, it might be finding time to read a good book. By making sure we don't miss out on the things we enjoy and value we are likely to be happier and more satisfied with life in general.

True key to the most of our time, both at work and on our personal lives, is prioritizing. It is important to recognize which things need to be done immediately and which can wait until later. 21 _____ You might think that revising for an exam or doing homework at the last minute is a good way of saving time but the results will not be as good. Finally, psychologists say that people who are always on time tend to be organized and have everything under control. Those who are usually early are likely to be anxious and in need of being in control all the time. People who are often late are probably just disorganized although it might be that they are consciously or unconsciously rebelling against our time obsessed society.

A In spite of these new inventions we still run out of time.

B If you have some free time you can volunteer to do something for someone else like wait for a delivery or water their plants while they are on holiday.

C As a result working hours have increased by 25% in the USA and in Japan workers sometimes sleep in the Office.

D Time is money and nowadays many companies try to save time and money by making their customers work for free.

E Time is a very precious commodity and humans have always had a very close relationship with it.

F If you try to do too many things at once you are more likely to make mistakes and waste time going back to correct them.

G This doesn't mean we should put off things which are boring or difficult just because we don't want to do them.

H It is important to find time for ourselves to do the things which matter most to us.

2. Лексико-грамматический тест (USE OF ENGLISH) (22 points)

Инструкция. Внесите свои ответы в Бланк для ответов, который прилагается к тесту.

Part 1

You are going to read a text about the Loch Ness monster. In most lines of the text there is one unnecessary word. Write the unnecessary word in the space provided after each line. Some lines are correct. Indicate these lines with a tick (✓). The task begins with two examples (0).

The Search for Nessie

The clock in the 200-year-old church tower near Foyers, Scotland, had	__✓__ 0
just struck me nine on the morning of April 23, 1960. For Tim Dinsdale,	<u>me</u> 0
standing start with his movie camera on the shore of Loch Ness, it was the	___ 1
most exciting hour of the most important day in his all life. Only a few seconds	___ 2
before, Dinsdale had been sighted the legendary Loch Ness monster. Now	___ 3
he was filming it in the water. Suddenly, the monster sank beneath the	___ 4
water. Dinsdale waited a few moments to be seemingly sure the creature	___ 5
would not surface again. Then he had jumped into his car and drove off	___ 6

to have got the film processed. Those few moments of film changed _____7
 Dinsdale’s way of his life. It also started the hunt for the creature that has _____8
 captured the imagination of the world. The film was always responsible for _____9
 setting up the Loch Ness Phenomena Investigation Bureau even in 1961. The _____10
 bureau acts as such a conductor for all searches and keeps track of a growing _____11
 list of sightings. The Loch Ness monster is said to have been first sighted in _____12
 the sixth century. Since then there have been more than over 3,000 reported _____13
 sightings of “Nessie,” as the monster is called. People who would have seen _____14
 it describe it as an ugly, shy, greenish-blackish creature, although from five _____15
 to sixteen feet long and from one to five feet wide. It is said to have a _____16
 snakelike head and a long neck sticking out from a wide, flat body. The
 body, itself, is reported to have from one to seven camel-like humps.

Part II

For questions 17-22, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

17. I’m sure your brother didn’t mean to scare you.

INTENTION

I’m sure your brother you.

18. It might be cold so take a jacket.

CASE

Take a jacket cold.

19. There’s no sugar left.

RUN

We’ve sugar.

20. Sally is as tall as John.

SAME

John is Sally.

21. It’s not worth saving this left-over food.

POINT

There’s this left-over food.

22. They postponed the match because of the bad weather.

PUT

The match because of the bad weather.

3. Аудирование (LISTENING) (7 points)

Инструкция. Внесите свои ответы в Бланк для ответов, который прилагается к тесту.

You are going to hear an interview about farming. First you will have 30 seconds to study the questions below. Then you will hear the text twice. While listening, answer the questions (1-7) in a maximum of FOUR words. There is one example (0) at the beginning. After the second listening, you will have 30 seconds to finalise your answers. Start studying the questions now.

A TOWNIE TURNED TO FARMING

0 Where do the majority of people interested in buying farms come from?

_____ *Big cities* _____

1 What was David's job in London?

2 What did Mrs. Scott think about moving to the country?

3 What kind of farming did David decide to do?

4 How many acres of land have they planted with trees?

5 How is living in Kent different from living in London?

6 What did the Scotts decide to do because of economic reasons?

7 Why is David going to London today?

4. Письменная речь (WRITING) (20 points)

Write an opinion essay on ONE of the following topics (120-180 words).

1. What role do social media play in shaping young people's opinions?

2. Do young people today learn enough at school to face the world tomorrow?
3. What traits of character help realize a person's talent in your opinion?

5. Говорение (SPEAKING) (30 points)

Show your family photo and introduce the members of your family. Our parents greatly influence our personalities. Which personality traits do you share with your mum and dad? What makes you different from them?

You should speak for 3 minutes.